VOLUME 2 (MAY 2012)

ISSN: 2047-1076

Journal of the
Oxford
Centre for
Buddhist
Studies



The Oxford Centre for Buddhist Studies http://www.ocbs.org/



A Recognised Independent Centre of the University of Oxford

JOURNAL OF THE OXFORD CENTRE FOR BUDDHIST STUDIES

VOLUME 2



Journal of the Oxford Centre for Buddhist Studies Volume 2 May 2012

ISSN: 2047-1076

Published by the Oxford Centre for Buddhist Studies

www.ocbs.org

Wolfson College, Linton Road, Oxford, 0x2 6UD, United Kingdom

Authors retain copyright of their articles.



Editorial Board

Prof. Richard Gombrich (General Editor): richard.gombrich@balliol.ox.ac.uk

Dr Tse-fu Kuan: jeformosa@yahoo.com Dr Karma Phuntsho: kp287@cam.ac.uk Dr Noa Ronkin: noa.ronkin@gmail.com Dr Alex Wynne: alxwynne@hotmail.com

All submissions should be sent to: richard.gombrich@balliol.ox.ac.uk.

Production team

Operations and Development Manager: Steven Egan

Production Manager: Dr Tomoyuki Kono Development Consultant: Dr Paola Tinti

Annual subscription rates

Students: £20 Individuals: £30 Institutions: £45 Universities: £55

Countries from the following list receive 50% discount on all the above prices: Bangladesh, Burma, Laos, India, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Cambodia, Vietnam, Indonesia, Pakistan, all African Countries

For more information on subscriptions, please go to www.ocbs.org/journal.

Contents

Contents	3
List of Contributors	5
Editorial. Richard Gombrich	7
Teaching the Abhidharma in the Heaven of the Thirty-three, The Buddha and his Mother. Anālayo	9
Burning Yourself: Paṭicca Samuppāda as a Description of the Arising of a False Sense of Self Modeled on Vedic Rituals. LINDA BLANCHARD	36
A comparison of the Chinese and Pāli versions of the <i>Bala Saṃyukta</i> , a collection of early Buddhist discourses on "Powers" (<i>Bala</i>). CHOONG MUN-KEAT	
Designations of Ancient Sri Lankan Buddhism in the Chinese Tripiṭaka. Chuan Cheng	104
Scribal and Authorial Openings in Theravāda manuscripts: Evidence from the Nevill Collection Kate Crosby	124
Tempering Belles Infidèles and Promoting Jolies Laides: Idle Thoughts on the Ideal Rendering of Buddhist Texts and Terminolog. FLORIN DE- LEANU	
A Geographical Perspective on Sectarian Affiliations of the <i>Ekottarika Āgam</i> in Chinese Translation (T 125). TSE-FU KUAN	-
Decoding Two "Miracles" of the Buddha. PAISARN LIKHITPREECHAKUL	200

Translating Translation: An Encounter with the Ninth-Century Tibetan Ver-	-	
sion of the Kāraṇḍavyūha-sūtra. PETER ALAN ROBERTS	223	
Book Reviews		
Afghanistan: Crossroads of the Ancient World by F. Hiebert and P. Cambon		
(eds.). Reviewed by Richard Fynes	241	
Taiwan's Tzu Chi as Engaged Buddhism: Origins, Organization, Appeal and		
Social Impact. By Yu-Shuang Yao. Reviewed by Richard Gombrich	246	
Tibet: a History by Sam van Schaik. Reviewed by Berthe Jansen	255	
Locations of Buddhism: Colonialism and Modernity in Sri Lanka by Anne		
M. Blackburn. Reviewed by Suren Raghavan	259	
The Ego Trick: What Does It Mean To Be You? by Julian Baggini. Reviewed		
by Rahula Thor	266	

List of Contributors

Bhikkhu Anālayo specializes in early Buddhist studies. He teaches at the Center for Buddhist Studies, University of Hamburg, and at the Sri Lanka International Buddhist Academy, Kandy, and carries out research at Dharma Drum Buddhist College, Taiwan.

Linda Blanchard lives deep in the heart of the American Bible Belt and has collected a library of books about Buddhism and the Buddha's times that beats the heck out of her city library's collection of three books on the subject. She is currently working on an introductory book on Buddhism, as well as papers on the connections between views found in the Pali Canon and in the Upanishads. lindaqpublic@nowheat.com

Choong Mun-keat studied Buddhism in Malaysia, Taiwan and Sri Lanka, before obtaining his BA (1990) in Buddhist Studies (Komazawa, Tokyo), MA in Studies in Religion (1994) and PhD (1999) in Buddhist Studies (Queensland). Currently he is a Lecturer in Studies in Religion at the University of New England, Australia. mchoong@une.edu.au

Chuan Cheng Pu Chengzhong teaches at the Buddhist College of Singapore, specialises in the cultural history of early Chinese Buddhism, and is interested in Buddhist literature and Buddhist ethics. He spent one and a half years studying Pali and Theravada Buddhism in Sri Lanka before completing an MA in Indian Religions and a PhD in Chinese Buddhism at S.O.A.S, during 2001 to 2005. chuancheng@bcs.edu.sg

Kate Crosby is Director of the Centre for Buddhist Studies and Seiyu Kiriyama Reader in Buddhist Studies at SOAS. Recent research topics have included the *lik long* literature and poetic training of the Shan of Burma and northern Thailand, monastic disrobing practices throughout the Theravada world, and the literature and sponsorship of *boran yogāvacara* meditation, the so-called 'tantric Theravada' of Sri Lanka and mainland Southeast Asian Buddhism. She is co-editor of the Routledge journal *Contemporary Buddhism*. kc21@soas.ac.uk.

Florin Deleanu is Professor of Buddhist Studies at the International College for Postgraduate Buddhist Studies (Tokyo). His research focuses on meditation in Indian Buddhism. He is the author of *The Chapter on the Mundane Path (Laukika-mārga) in the Śrāvakabhūmi: A Trilingual Edition (Sanskrit, Tibetan, Chinese), Annotated Translation, and Introductory Study* (2006) and is currently working

on a monograph dedicated to the history of spiritual cultivation in Yogācāra Buddhism. florindeleanu@yahoo.co.jp.

Richard Fynes D.Phil. (Oxon) is a Principal Lecturer in the Faculty of Art, Design and Humanities, De Montfort University, Leicester. He is interested in numismatics and has translated Jain epics poems for Oxford World's Classics and the Clay Sanskrit Library. rccfynes@dmu.ac.uk

Berthe Jansen is a PhD candidate in the research project 'Buddhism and Social Justice', at LIAS, Leiden University. She holds an MPhil degree in Tibetan and Himalayan Studies from Oxford University. Her dissertation is on pre-modern Tibetan monasticism and Tibetan monastic ideas about social justice, using *bca' yigs* (monastic guidelines) as primary sources. She also works as an interpreter and translator of (mainly) Buddhist Tibetan. b.k.jansen@hum.leidenuniv.nl

Tse-fu Kuan is an Assistant Professor in the College of General Studies at Yuan Ze University in Taiwan, and an editor of this Journal. He is interested in early Buddhism and the history of early Buddhist schools in India.

Paisarn Likhitpreechakul is a journalist and human rights activist based in Thailand. His main interest is in the relevance of the Buddha's teachings to modern society – in particular, the relationships between Buddhism, democracy and human rights. asiantrekker@yahoo.com

Suren Raghavan is a final year PhD researcher at University of Kent, UK and a Research Fellow at the OCBS. His research interests are in Theravada Buddhism and democratization. raghavansuren@gmail.com.

Peter Alan Roberts is a translator of Tibetan texts both contemporary and ancient, and is an interpreter for lamas of all Tibetan traditions. Also presently involved in translating sūtras for 84000: Translating the Words of the Buddha. He lives in Hollywood and is unaffiliated with any institution. peteralanroberts@mac.com

Rahula Thor, BMedRad Sc (Medical Imaging), is an independent Buddhist scholar. He is a radiographer by profession. Apart from Buddhist studies, he has a keen interest in philosophy, psychology, history and comparative religion. He is currently writing an article, "Tracing Mahayana Concepts in the Pali Canon". He is a Malaysian, but currently lives in Singapore. rahula.thor@gmail.com

Editorial

Richard Gombrich

When about a year ago we at the OCBS decided to start this journal, we knew that there were already several learned journals in Buddhist studies, and many more which occasionally publish articles on Buddhism. Even so, we felt that there was a need for a publication which, without any drop in intellectual quality, would in some ways be a bit more like a magazine. By this we meant that it should be more accessible to non-specialists, and more varied, with a wide range of contributors, a wide range of subject matter (in terms of both topic and approach), and – we hoped – a correspondingly wider audience. It should also, ideally, carry some news of such things as exhibitions and conferences of relevance to Buddhist studies, and have room for discussion and even controversy.

A remarkable feature of this, our second volume, which I heartily welcome, is the variety of contributors – a fact which cannot but make for variety in the contributions. At the most superficial level, the authors of the fourteen articles and book reviews are drawn from eleven nations. What is far more important, however, is that more than half the pages are written by people who do not hold academic posts. If we are thus enlarging the range of people who make serious contributions to Buddhist studies, I believe that at least we are doing one thing right. In many countries, I know, academics work under such pressure from their employers, with so much teaching and (often pointless) administration, that it is hard for them to produce any research, let alone research which is both original and accessible to non-specialists; I intend to write about this in the near future. For the moment, however, let me celebrate the contributions made by those who for various reasons are *not* employed in academia.

I cannot specify all of them here, but I must draw attention to a couple. Linda Blanchard has never worked in education; as a Buddhist scholar she has no formal training and is virtually self-taught. Yet she has sent me an exciting new interpretation of the Buddha's teaching of dependent origination. She and I realise that so

ambitious a theory is bound to be controversial, and that only time will tell what the world will make of it; but I am confident that at the very least it deserves to be taken seriously. Taking it seriously also meant that I had to break my rule of imposing a limit on articles of ten thousand words, because I could not weaken her presentation of her case by curtailing the amount of evidence that she could present.

Peter Alan Roberts is a self-employed scholar, who earns whatever he does earn as a Tibetan translator and interpreter. He is incapable of blowing his own trumpet. Tucked away near the end of his article is an explanation of the origin of the name Avalokiteśvara. How much effort has been spent on this problem! Peter has found what seems to me must be the solution, but he is so modest that until I prodded him he was mentioning it only in passing, so that it could easily have gone unnoticed.

Analayo has a foot in both worlds, for he does teach part-time – though he is so prolific that no one would ever guess it. Writing here about the Buddha's descent to earth from a heaven after preaching the *abhidharma* to his mother, he has shown it to be "an instance of cross-fertilization between text and art, where an already existing tale is concretized in art and this in turn influences textual accounts." This too is an exciting discovery. I wonder how many cases of reciprocal influence between text and artistic representation it is possible to find in the history of Buddhism.

I am also particularly pleased that this time we can offer our public five substantial book reviews, again on a wide range of topics. In the final paragraph of my own review I draw attention to something about which we hear too little: how "publishing" has for some unlucky authors become almost meaningless, regardless of the quality of their work. This damages our whole academic environment.

While one of the books reviewed is an exhibition catalogue, we have otherwise not yet succeeded in carrying news and discussion. Whether we can do so must depend on whether we can expand our audience and create a wider community of people interested in Buddhist studies at a serious intellectual level. I can only hope that more scholars, whether amateur or professional, will have the courage to submit their ideas to this journal, and that many more people will realize that they deserve to be read and discussed.